

Oxford County Community Conversation Notes Bethel Chamber Breakfast at Bethel Inn Resort June 29, 2016

1. What is your vision for Oxford County?

- Oxford is the #1 healthiest and safest county in Maine
- All residents feel valued and respected
- Everyone feels self worth and does not feel isolated
- Excellent example of an age-friendly community in rural and remote Maine
- Entrepreneurial hotbed and thriving small businesses supported by higher education
- Stellar public schools
- Welcoming—economically and socially—to immigrants
- Good, high-paying jobs for residents
- Vast, inter-connected trail system
- All children have access to high-quality day care and health consultants
- Greater energy and food self-sufficiency
- Tourist attraction year round
- Better transportation access to those in poverty
- Recognition and preservation of a unique, great way of life
- A place where we can address all addictions and substance abuse and reduce stigma so people can get into recovery
- Attractive place for young people to stay and come to
- Strong rural economy and downtown
- Everyone has access to good education—from preschool to post-secondary opportunities within 100 miles from home
- Support for adult learners and opportunities for retraining (including transportation and child care)
- Access to arts, culture, museums
- All residents have opportunities for education and training to improve their futures (education and training are separate concepts)

2. What are the greatest strengths of communities in Oxford County?

- Deep connection to natural landscape
- People care about communities and want them to grow
- Strong community action programs
- We preserve architectural beauty (no chain stores)—draws tourists looking for authentic "New England village"
- There's not too many people—smaller populations stay more connected to the land and keeps out big chain stores
- The talent, energy, and caring of the people
- There's so much to do here (especially outside)
- Natural resources: forest/timber, food production, mineral wealth
- Resiliency of the people and communities
- Sunday River
- Coalitions—strong volunteer networks across towns
- Strong cultural and artistic heritage
- History of collaboration
- Grassroots efforts and new ways to get things done
- Topography of lakes and mountains
- Growth of young farmers and local food network
- Two paper mills with 1,500 jobs in the mill and the multiplier effect—this money stays in the county

3. What are the greatest challenges of communities in Oxford County?

- Gaining a more diversified economy
- Public transportation, especially for aging and disabled
- Structurally weak county government
- Funding for full spectrum of education
- Affordable and safe housing
- Poor broadband connectivity
- Education needs to be for the 21st century
- High drug and alcohol use, but no treatment centers
- Stigma of substance abuse—addiction is a family disease, not just an individual's
- Need more livable wages and jobs—serious economic disparities
- Hallowing out of the middle class
- Limited economic opportunities for immigrants
- Lack critical mass of people (workforce for companies to locate here)
- Few people over large land area
- Need stronger public education system to keep and attract young families
- Reaching those who are less involved/engaged
- Generational poverty

- Shrinking birth rates, education population. In the 1990s, the grade schools had enrollments of 17,000; now, it's 14,000. They've had teacher layoffs as a result. Only 35 babies a day are born in Maine.
- Elderly leaving to avoid estate taxes
- Need other jobs outside of tourism to welcome others
- Shrinking state funding
- Income inequality
- Profound divide between Us and Them—by income, by full-time residents v. tourists/summer folks, by productive economy (natural resources) v. consumptive economy (services)
- Need zoning laws to protect historic architecture
- Shortage of health care providers, especially mental health

4. How can we build on those strengths and address those challenges?

- Work together as a community on collaborative efforts
- Zoning ordinances can help
- Work to reduce the stigma of substance abuse
- Share resources among nonprofits
- Develop community connections around education, employment, health, substance abuse, income inequality, infrastructure—Heart and Soul project will enable storytelling to help bridge divides
- Public/private partnerships—Gould, Telstar, 4-H—for example, Gould has good technology and recreation space (make available to seniors?); business partners could participate in Contractor Day at Telstar
- Age-friendly issues: rail and bus access, resource directory of services, rural Uber,
 Norway bike share needs 3-wheel bikes for older people
- Education—identify assets we have (3 education resources with different approaches: outdoors, entrepreneurship, trades)—build into different models of education
- Bridge school and community—more community involvement, especially at middle school
- Access to broadband internet is critical
- Think regionally (not only county)—Oxford County could reach across state and international boundaries for new opportunities
- Destination tourism—especially for younger people